
This book, for undergraduate students and those training in the field, relates the need to manage water-based leisure activities with the need to manage the maritime environment on which they depend. Product Identifiers. Publisher. The editors are preserving a life and a work instructive for the future as well as of the past." - - Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography, "Uphold[s] the superlative reputation of the series. Scholars will welcome this gold mine of information about park design, urban planning, New York workingmen, city politicos, and Olmsted's view of the park." - - Journal of American History, Uphold[s] the superlative reputation of the series. Central Park was designed to appear "naturalistic." To maintain Central Park's naturalism the four streets that bisect Central park east to west are located below grade so that they are not seen from inside the park. Quoted from The Papers of Frederick Law Olmsted Volume III Creating Central Park 1857-1861. Eds. Charles E. Beveridge and David Schuyler. The Papers of Frederick Law Olmsted: Creating Central Park, 1857-1861, edited by David Schuyler and Charles E. Beveridge, Johns Hopkins University Press (Baltimore, MD), 1983. The Papers of Frederick Law Olmsted: Defending the Union: The Civil War and the U.S. Sanitary Commission, 1861-1863, edited by Jane Turner Censer, Johns Hopkins University Press (Baltimore, MD), 1986. At Central Park Olmsted demonstrated that even undistinguished sites could be completely transformed to create the illusion of naturalistic landscapes; that parks had an important social function in offering places of release for urban residents with no access to the countryside; and, of great interest to politicians, that these ends could be achieved without cost to the city, since parks generated more in. Central Park was first established in 1857. Throughout its history New Yorkers have struggled to maintain the park's original naturalistic landscape design while accommodating modern park amenities. Location: Central Park, New York, NY | Google Maps. The Central Park Commission, a board of state representatives, was created to regulate the park in order to prevent local control by the Tammany Hall majority. The park would revert back to local control in 1870 under the new city charter. In 1857, the Central Park Commission held a contest for the design of Central Park. Elizabeth Barlow Rogers, a parks preservationist who had written books and articles on parks and Frederick Law Olmsted, was appointed the administrator of the conservancy. Buy this book. Better World Books. Amazon. Bookshop.org. Share this book. Facebook. Twitter. Central Park, 1857-1995. the birth, decline, and renewal of a national treasure. 1st ed. by Eugene Kinkead. 0 Ratings. 1 Want to read. 0 Currently reading. Download for print-disabled. Add another edition? Central Park, 1857-1995. First published in 1990. Subjects. Description and travel, History, Central park (new york, n.y.) Places. Central Park (New York, N.Y.), New York (N.Y.) Edit.